

# CHEMISTRY (CHEM& 161) Placement Test

<b>Who may take the test?</b>	Students who want to place into CHEM& 161. Additionally, students must have passed MATH& 141 or MATH& 148 with a grade of at least 2.0, or received a more advanced placement on South's math Placement test.
<b>When can I test?</b>	Come during scheduled other testing; no appointment needed. See the current Quarterly Testing Schedule for test sessions.
<b>What is the time limit?</b>	45 minutes
<b>What is the test format?</b>	Paper/pencil, multiple-choice, 44 questions.
<b>What do I bring?</b>	Government-issued photo ID. Receipt showing payment of the \$25.00 fee. No personal calculator allowed; TI-30XIIs is supplied. No books or references allowed; a periodic table is supplied.
<b>How will I know if I passed?</b>	Students must score at least in the 60 percentile. Come to Student Assessment Services office, RS 76, or see your advisor for score results.
<b>Can I retest?</b>	This is a one-time only test. Review before testing.
<b>How can I prepare?</b>	Review areas of study below and try the sample questions.

## Areas of Study:

Chemistry Principles	Kinetics
Structure of Matter	Chemical Thermodynamics
Atomic and Molecular Theory	Oxidation and Reduction
The Elements	Electro-Chemistry
Quantitative Relationship	Periodicity
Nuclear Chemistry	Equilibrium Systems
Aqueous Solution	Qualitative Analysis and Organic Chemistry

## California Chemistry Diagnostic Test Sample Questions

Competency areas: Compounds and elements; states of matter; reactions of matter; structure of matter; periodic properties; solutions; qualitative kinetics and thermodynamics; lab skills, mathematical skills. A Periodic Table is provided with the exam.

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### 1. The correct formula for aluminum nitrate is

- (a)  $\text{Al}_3\text{N}_2$       (b)  $\text{Al}_3(\text{NO}_3)$       (c)  $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_2)_3$       (d)  $\text{Al}(\text{NO}_3)_3$

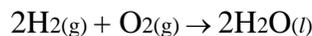
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2. A substance releases heat when it changes from

- (a) liquid to solid
- (b) solid to gas
- (c) liquid to gas
- (d) solid to liquid

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3. Given the balanced equation:



How many grams of H<sub>2</sub>O are formed if 9.00 mol H<sub>2</sub>(g) reacts completely with an excess of O<sub>2</sub>(g)? The molar mass of H<sub>2</sub>O is 18.0g/mol.

- (a) 18.0g
- (b) 36.0g
- (c) 81.0g
- (d) 162g

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4. Which element has exactly five electrons in the highest principal energy level (the outer shell)?

- (a) Se
- (b) Ba
- (c) P
- (d) Ge

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5. Which element is a metal?

- (a) Se (atomic number = 34)
- (b) Co (atomic number = 27)
- (c) C (atomic number = 6)
- (d) Br (atomic number = 35)

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6. What volume of 1.5M NaOH is needed to provide 0.75 mol of NaOH?

- (a) 500L
- (b) 5.0 L
- (c) 500 mL
- (d) 0.75 L

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7. For a chemical reaction it is usually found that the reaction rate is faster at higher temperature. The rate increases because

- (a) the concentrations of reactants increase
- (b) more reactants collide with energy equal to or greater than the activation energy
- (c) the concentrations of products increase
- (d) the volume expands and there is more room for new compounds (products) to form

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8. Which answer is closest to the true value of the expression:

$$(9.1 \times 10^4)(1.1 \times 10^{-5})(\log 10^{-13})(1000)$$

- (a) 1.3
- (b) 13000
- (c) -13000
- (d)  $1.3 \times 10^{-11}$

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9. Which substance does not obey the Lewis octet rule?

- (a) N<sub>2</sub>
- (b) NO
- (c) CF<sub>4</sub>
- (d) Ar

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10. For the reaction at equilibrium:



which change will increase the amount of NO<sub>2</sub>(g)?

- (a) remove NO gas
- (b) add NO gas
- (c) add a catalyst
- (d) remove O<sub>2</sub> gas

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answers: 1d; 2a; 3d; 4c; 5b; 6c; 7b; 8c; 9b; 10b